COURSE OUTCOMES and LEARNING OBJECTIVES

At completion of this course the student should be able to:

35-1	Orientatio	on a second control of the second control of
	35-1.1	Identify the basic components of juvenile firesetting. 6-1.1
	35-1.2	Identify the basic understanding of the juvenile firesetter problem.
		6-1.1, 6-1.2
	35-1.3	Identify the basic components in developing a juvenile firesetting program
		tailored to the Authority having Jurisdiction. 6-1.2, 6-2.2, 6-2.3
	35-1.4	Identify the Office of the State Fire Marshal requirements for certification
		as Juvenile Firesetter Intervention Specialist.
35-2	Juvenile F	Firesetter Networking 6-2.4
	35-2.1	Identify the need to start a network
	35-2.2	Identify how to start a network
	35-2.3	Identify the people important to a juvenile firesetter network
35-3	Normal C	hild Development 6-1.1
	35-3.1	Identify the normal development of:
		35-3.1.1 Preschooler
		35-3.1.2 Children in grades K − 6
		35-3.1.3 Adolescence and teenagers
		35-3.1.4 Mentally challenged children and adults
		35-3.1.5 Physically challenged children and adults
	35-3.2	Identify the fire and burn problems associated with the:
		35-3.2.1 Preschooler
		35-3.2.2 Children in grades K – 6
		35-3.2.3 Adolescence and teenagers
		35-3.2.4 Mentally challenged children and adults
		35-3.2.5 Physically challenged children and adults
35-4		ealth Issues and Child Abuse 6-1.1
	35-4.1	Identify the signs of child abuse and/or neglect
	35-4.2	Identify the proper notifications for mandatory state reporting for
		abuse/neglect
	35-4.3	Identify some of the symptoms of ADD/ADHD
	35-4.4	Identify a basic understanding of Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD)
	35-4.5	Identify a basic understanding of different therapy approaches by Mental Health
35-5	Character	ristics of Juvenile Firesetters. 6-4.1
	35-5.1	Identify the profile of the juvenile firesetter.
	35-5.2	Identify the red flags associated with juvenile firesetting
	35-5.3	Identify a basic understanding of ritualistic abuse
	35-5.4	Identify a basic understanding of gang activities

35-6	How to id	lentify Juvenile Firesetters 6-1.1, 6-1.2	
	35-6.1	Identify and understand the juvenile firesetting categories	
		35-6.1.1 Low risk/curiosity firesetters	
		35-6.1.2 Moderate risk/definite firesetters	
		35-6.1.3 High risk/extreme firesetters	
	35-6.2	Identify the family factors which can contribute to juvenile firesetting	
	35-6.3	Identify the scope and level of the firesetting problem	
	35-6.4	Identify the economic boundaries of the juvenile firesetting problem	
	35-6.5	Identify the importance of tracking statistics	
35-7	Juvenile l	Legal issues 6-1.1	
	35-7.1	Identify the involvement of the juvenile legal system in relation to juvenile firesetting	
	35-7.2	Identify the need for confidentiality and obtaining information regarding juveniles	
	35-7.3	Identify the pitfalls associated with dealing with the juvenile	
	35-7.4	Identify the proper information that needs to be reported with a juvenile	
	35-7.5	Identify the laws related to a juvenile	
	35-7.6	Identify the steps that a juvenile can enter into the juvenile justice system	
	35-7.7	Identify the various alternative sentencing programs available to the court system	
35-8	Interviewing Juveniles 6-4.1		
	35-8.1	Identify the ideal environment for interviewing the juvenile. 6-4.2	
	35-8.2	Identify the different interview techniques associated in interviewing the juvenile <i>6-4.3</i>	
	35-8.3	Identify the pitfalls associated with interviewing the juvenile	
	35-8.4	Demonstrate the ability to conduct an interview, given interview	
		forms and program guidelines, so that the juvenile firesetter	
		intervention specialist contacts the family; explains the program and	
		its benefits; schedules a time, date, and place for the interview; and	
		advises the family of possible intervention options. 6-4.2	
	35-8-5	Demonstrate the ability to give feedback to a supervisor, given a case	
		file, including forms, the interview information, and selected	
		intervention, so that the supervisor can ensure that the assessment	
		process meets all applicable policies and procedures. 6-2.3	
	37-8-6	Demonstrate the appropriate review of a case file, given a referral,	
		incident report, interview forms and all related information, so that,	
		before speaking with the child and family, the juvenile firesetter	
		intervention specialist become familiar with the incident and	
		circumstances of the firesetting. 6-4.1	

35-9	Screening	and Assessment 6-2.1	
	35-9.1	Identify the need for conducting evaluations/screenings	
	35-9.2	Identify the need to use the OSFM/ICFIRES Screening/Interview forms	
	35-9.3	Identify the proper method for completing and scoring the OSFM/	
		ICFIRES Screening/Interview forms	
	35-9.4	Demonstrate the completion and scoring of the OSFM/ICFIRES	
		Screening/Interview forms	
35-10	Referral and Follow-up (Role playing) 6-4.6, 6-4.7		
	35-10.1	Identify the process to follow a child through the juvenile firesetter	
		process	
	35-10.2	Identify the need the proper referrals	
	35-10.3	Identify the need and reason for continuous involvement with a juvenile	
		firesetter child	
	35-10.4	Identify the need for follow-up, including the intervals of follow-up,	
		needed for the different levels of firesetting behaviors	
35-11	Public Edu	ucation and Fire Prevention <i>6-2.4</i> , <i>6-4.4</i> , <i>6-4.5</i>	
	35-11.1	Identify the public education 5-Step Process	
	35-11.2	Identify the use of the 5-Step Process for the development of programs	
	35-11.3	Identify the available resources to educate juvenile firesetter children	
35-12	Explosives	S Awareness and False Fire Alarms	
	35-12.1	Identify how children find explosives	
	35-12.2	Identify various ways children obtain explosives	
	35-12.3	Identify the basic types of explosives	
	35-12.4	Identify the most common explosives used by juveniles	
	35-12.5	Identify the need for fire alarm education	
	35-12.6	Identify the educational needs and concerns for false alarms	